

<u>The Business</u> <u>Cycle</u>

Unemployment

Inflation

<u>Redistributive</u> <u>Effects of</u> <u>Inflation</u>

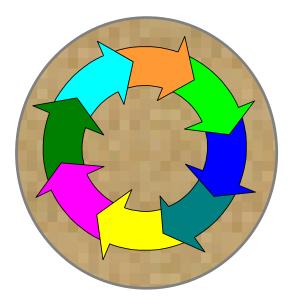
<u>Anticipated</u> <u>Inflation</u>

<u>Effects of</u> <u>Inflation on</u> <u>Output</u>

Key Terms







Introduction to Economic Growth and Instability



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ECONOMIC GROWTH

An *increase in real GDP* over some time period

An <u>increase in real GDP per capita</u> over some time period

•Growth as a Goal

•Arithmetic of Growth

•Rule of 70

•Main Sources of Growth

•Increases in Resources

Increases in Productivity



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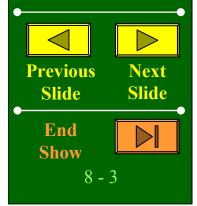
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ECONOMIC GROWTH

Growth in the United States

•Improved Products and Services

•Added Leisure

•Other Impacts

•Relative International Growth Rates



The Business Cycle

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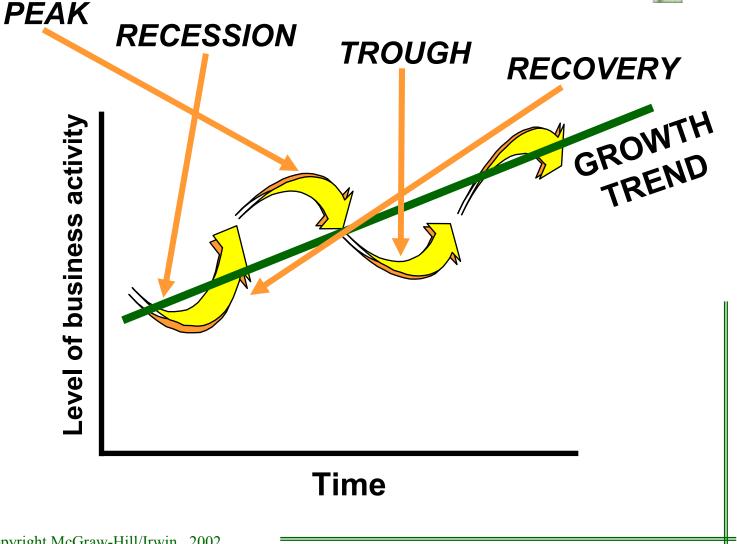
Key Terms



THE BUSINESS CYCLE

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Phases of the Business Cycle





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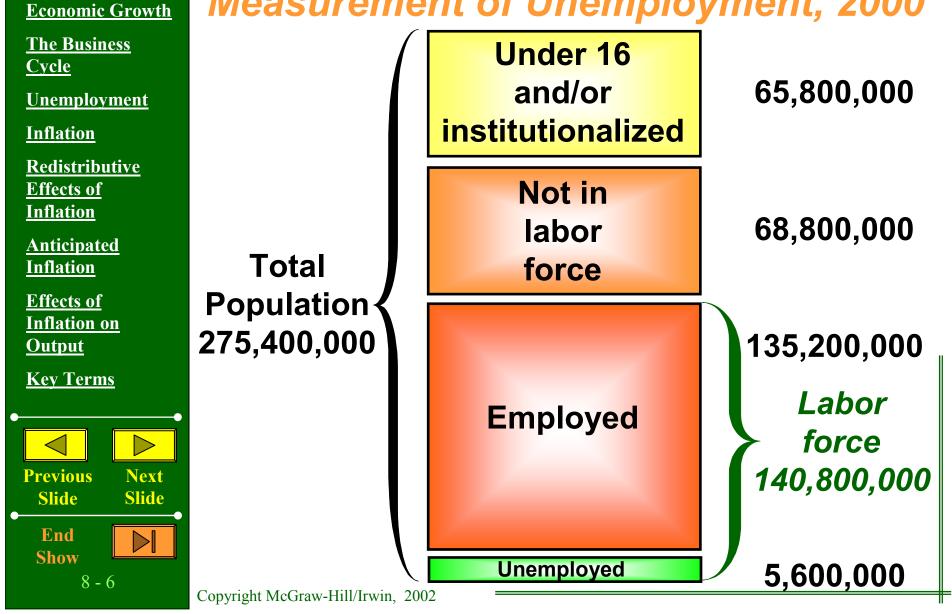


THE BUSINESS CYCLE Causation: A First Glance •Many Causation Theories •Cyclical Impact •Capital Goods

- •Consumer Durables
- Service Industries
- •Nondurable Consumer Goods



UNEMPLOYMENT *Measurement of Unemployment, 2000*





<u>The Business</u> <u>Cycle</u>

Unemployment

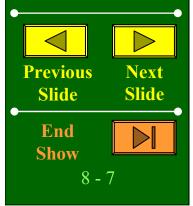
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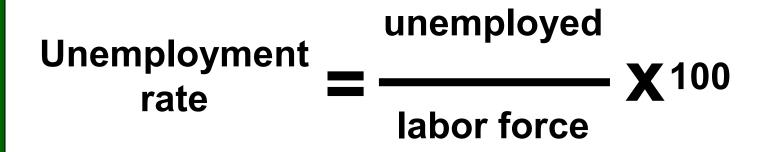
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UNEMPLOYMENT *Measurement of Unemployment, 2000*



Part-Time Employment

Discouraged Workers



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UNEMPLOYMENT **Types of Unemployment Frictional Unemployment Structural Unemployment Cyclical Unemployment Full-Employment Rate of** Unemployment Natural Rate of **Unemployment (NRU)**



<u>The Business</u> <u>Cycle</u>

Unemployment

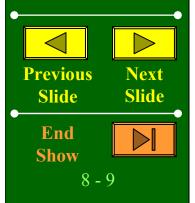
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UNEMPLOYMENT

Economic Costs of Unemployment

GDP Gap and Okun's Law

The amount by which actual GDP falls short of potential GDP

For every 1% unemployment exceeds the natural rate...

Approximately a 2% GDP Gap occurs



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UNEMPLOYMENT

Unequal Burdens of Unemployment

Occupation

- Age
- Race and Ethnicity
- Gender
- Education

Duration Noneconomic Costs

International Comparisons



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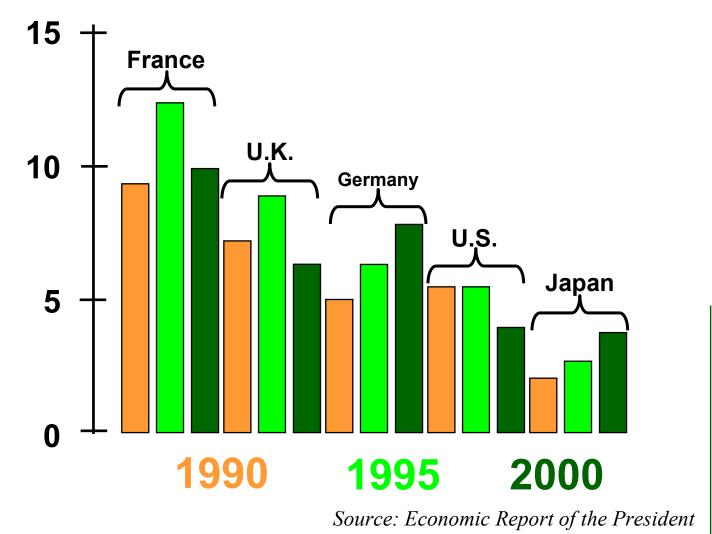
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GLOBAL PERSPECTIVE

Unemployment Rates in Five Industrial Nations 1990 - 2000





<u>The Business</u> <u>Cycle</u>

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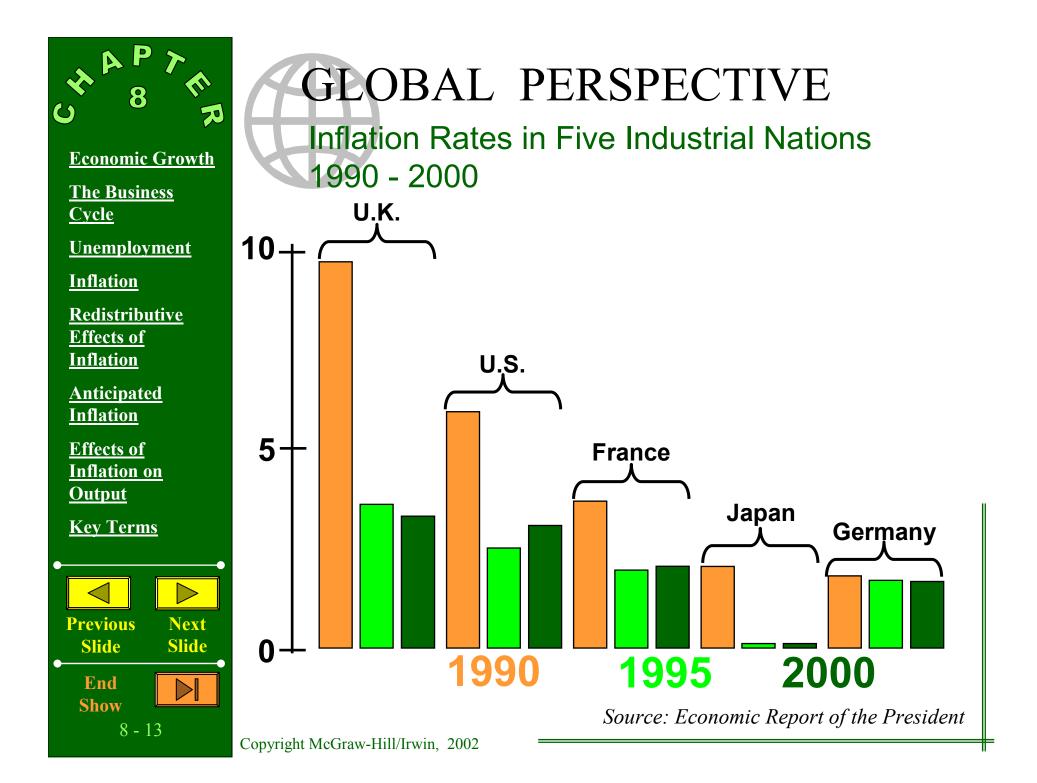


INFLATION Defined and Measurement

- A rising general level of prices
- Rate of inflation calculated using index numbers
 Rule of 70
 - •Shortcut to determine doubling time

!







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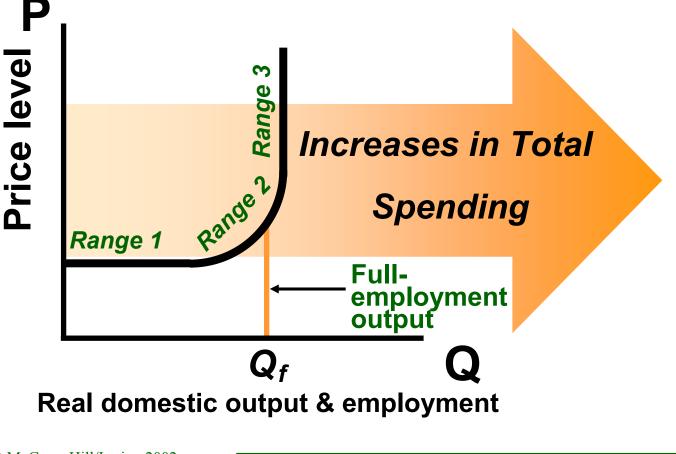
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INFLATION Types of Inflation

DEMAND-PULL INFLATION





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INFLATION *Types of Inflation*

DEMAND-PULL INFLATION COST-PUSH INFLATION

•Rising Per-Unit Production Costs

- Supply-Side Inflation
 - Supply Shocks

Complexities



<u>Economic Growth</u>

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REDISTRIBUTIVE EFFECTS OF INFLATION

Nominal Income

Real Income

Anticipations

Anticipated Inflation

Unanticipated Inflation



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REDISTRIBUTIVE EFFECTS OF INFLATION

Who is Hurt by Inflation?

- Fixed-Income
 - Receivers
- Savers
- Creditors



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REDISTRIBUTIVE EFFECTS OF INFLATION Who is Unaffected or **Helped by Inflation?** Flexible-Income Receivers Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) Debtors



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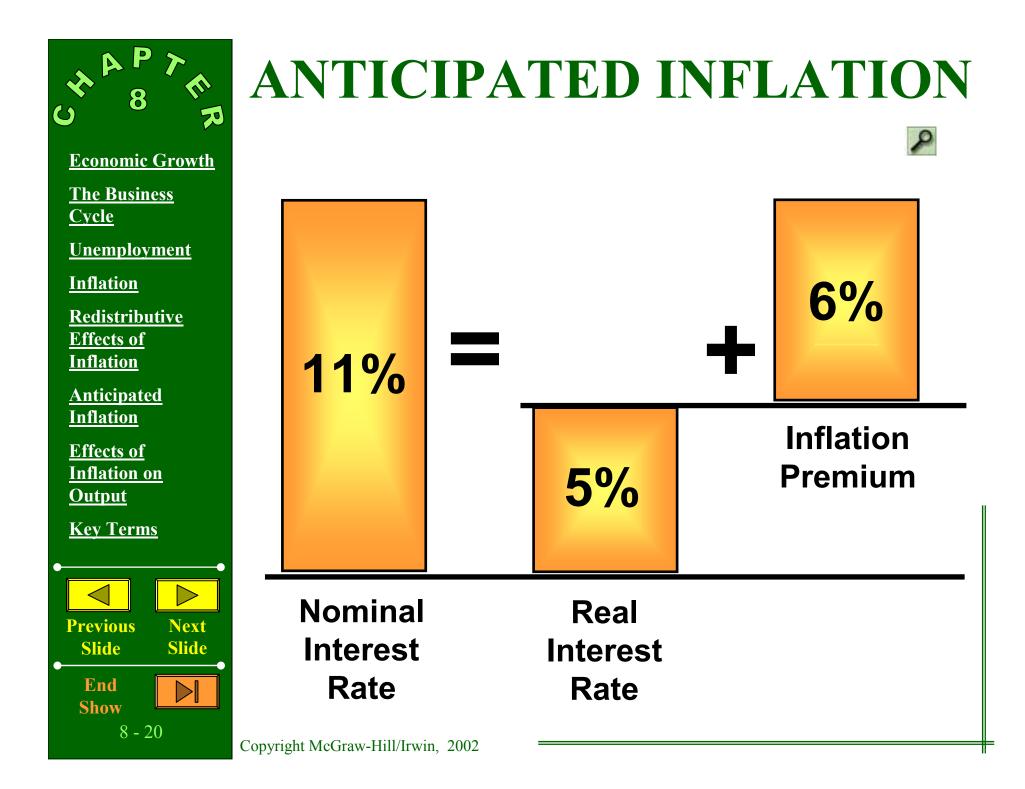
REDISTRIBUTIVE EFFECTS OF INFLATION

Addenda

Deflation

Mixed Effects

•Arbitrariness





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EFFECTS OF INFLATION ON OUTPUT Cost-Push Inflation and Real Output Demand-Pull Inflation and Real Output ! Hyperinflation & **Breakdown Chapter Conclusions**

KEY TERMS

economic growth <u>rule of 70</u> productivity **business cycle** peak **recession** trough <u>recovery</u> labor force unemployment rate discouraged workers frictional unemployment structural unemployment cyclical unemployment **full-employment rate of unemployment** natural rate of unemployment (NRU) potential output

GDP gap **Okun's Law** inflation demand-pull inflation cost-push inflation per-unit production costs nominal income real income anticipated inflation unanticipated inflation cost of living adjustments **COLAs** real interest rate nominal interest rate deflation **hyperinflation**





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BUILDING THE AGGREGATE EXPENDITURES MODEL

Chapter 9